

## Chapter 3 Review: Sections 1-3 2013

1. a lake in Vermont is named after him; sailed the St Lawrence to the Great Lakes	
2. found the Pacific Ocean	
3. traveled the St. Lawrence River	
4. explored Hudson Bay & the Hudson River	
5. searched for a Northwest Passage, explored Narragansett Bay (a bridge is named after him)	
6. First Englishman to sail around the world; defeated the Spanish Armada; a Sea Dog	
7. commanded first globe circling voyage	
8. Viking sailed to Newfoundland from	
9. started a school of navigation in Portugal	
10. made four trips to the New World, died in 1506 thinking he has reached Asia	
11. Portuguese, first to round the Cape of Good Hope	
12. traveled throughout India and China; Columbus based many of his assumptions on his book about China	
13. Who was the 1 <sup>st</sup> European in North America	
14. first to find a direct sea route to Asia by going around Africa	
15. sailed to the West Indies and South America, the “Americas” were named after him.	
16. defeated the Aztecs in Mexico	
17. explored Florida, looking for the fountain of youth	
18. Which groups of Europeans were inspired by Marco Polo?	
18a. What land was Columbus looking for?	
18b. What happened to Columbus’s first settlements	
18c. Why did Columbus want to sail across	

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the Atlantic?	
19a. What made the king and queen of Spain receptive to Columbus's idea of sailing west?	
19b. Why hadn't Europeans crossed the Atlantic before Columbus did so?	
20. A code called the Law of the Indies permitted three types of settlements in New Spain: pueblos, presidios, and _____	
20a. Cortez defeated the _____ with the support of Indians they had conquered.	
21. Native Americans in New Spain lived under harsh conditions and were forced to work _____	
22. _____ captured and executed the emperor Atahualpa in order to take over the Incan empire.	
23. Spanish conquistadores explored the Spanish borderland, land stretching across the present-day United States from _____ to California.	
24. The mestizos and the _____ suffered poverty, while peninsulares held high government positions and owned most of the land.	
25. Who was the first Explorer to see the Pacific?	
26. What happened when Montezuma offered Cortes gold?	
27. What did Verranzano and Hudson have in common?	
28. Why was Magellan's circumnavigation of the globe important?	
29. What did the French make profits from (French gold)?	
30. Define: coureurs de bois	
31. What caused the greatest number of Native American fatalities?	
35. What is the most important historical question? 36. Why do governments exist? 37. What do 7th graders know about history? 38. What type of government do we practice in the United States? 39. Who "makes" history? 40. How does history change?	

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