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| \_\_\_\_ 1. act of refusing to buy certain goods or services | **Boycott** |
| \_\_\_\_ 2. volunteer who, when notified, was ready to fight the British | **Minuteman** |
| \_\_\_\_ 3. army of citizens who serve during emergencies | **Militia** |
| \_\_\_\_ 4. signed document addressed to authorities that requests change | **Petition** |
| \_\_\_\_ 5. document that granted the right to inspect ships’ cargoes | **Writ of assistance** |
| \_\_\_\_ 6. forbade settlement west of the Appalachian Mountains | **Proclamation of 1763** |
| \_\_\_\_ 7. imposed duties on legal documents | **Stamp Act** |
| \_\_\_\_ 8. taxed goods such as paper, paint, glass, and lead | **Townshend Acts** |
| \_\_\_\_ 9. retaliated for the Boston Tea Party | **Intolerable Acts** |
| \_\_\_\_ 10. established protection for rights of French Catholics | **Quebec Act** |
| \_\_\_\_ 11. "I escaped without a wound, although I had four bullet holes in my coat." | **George Washington** |
| \_\_\_\_ 12. "This meeting can do nothing more to save this country!" | **Sam Adams** |
| \_\_\_\_ 13. ".... Gentlemen may cry 'Peace, Peace!'-but there is no peace. The war is actually begun....Treason? If this be treason, make the most of it....Is life so dear or peace so sweet as to be purchased with the chains of tyranny and slavery? Forbid it almighty God!...I know not what course others may take, but as for me, give me liberty or give me death!" | **Patrick Henry** |
| \_\_\_\_ 14. "It is more important to pursue justice through the rule of law rather than surrender to the tyranny of the mob or the King." "Our presses have groaned, our pulpits have thundered, our legislatures have resolved, our towns have voted, crown officials everywhere trembled." | **John Adams** |
| \_\_\_\_ 15. "To every Middlesex village and farm, a cry of defiance and not of fear, a voice in the darkness, a knock at the door, and a word that shall echo forever more."-Paul Revere’s Ride | **Henry Wadsworth Longfellow** |
| \_\_\_\_ 16. "Fear? Cowards? I dare to tax America!" | **Charles Townshend** |
| \_\_\_\_ 17. Why do governments exist? | **To protect the citizens** |
| \_\_\_\_ 18. What was the purpose of the Proclamation of 1763? | **To protect colonists from Native American attacks in the Ohio River Valley** |
| \_\_\_\_ 19. What reason did Parliament give for raising taxes in the colonies after 1763? | **Colonist should help pay the war debt** |
| \_\_\_\_ 20. The Boston Massacre was named by | **Sam Adams** |
| \_\_\_\_ 21. The most effective activity of the committees of correspondence was  | **Creating more unity in the colonies** |
| \_\_\_\_ 22. Which two women helped organize colonial resistance to British taxes through their writings? | **Mercy Warren and Abigail Adams** |
| \_\_\_\_ 23. What is one way that Britain punished Massachusetts after the Boston Tea Party? | **Placed limits on the right to have town meetings** |
| \_\_\_\_ 24. Which of the following was NOT one of the ways that Britain punished Massachusetts after the Boston Tea Party? | **Passage of the Tea Act** |
| \_\_\_\_ 25. Which new colonial leaders emerged as tensions with Britain grew? | **Sam and John Adams & Patrick Henry** |
| \_\_\_\_ 26. What happened when British troops tried to seize colonists’ weapons in Concord, Massachusetts? | **The colonial militia drove the British back to Boston** |
| \_\_\_\_ 27. After look at a chart of the Boston Massacre following states a cause that could be added to the chart? | **British sent soldiers to protect customs officials** |
| \_\_\_\_ 28. What organized effort grew out of Samuel Adams’s attempt to build outrage among other colonists following the incident in the chart above? | **Committees of Correspondence** |
| \_\_\_\_ 29. After looking at a Chart on the Boston Massacre, states second effect that could be added to the chart? | **The soldiers received a fair trial in Boston** |
| \_\_\_\_ 30. What action did Samuel Adams take in response to the event shown on the chart? | **He wrote letters to other colonists about the event.** |
| \_\_\_\_ 31. The second major violent clash between the British navy and the Sons of Liberty occurred in Rhode Island and is known as the | **Gaspee Incident** |
| \_\_\_\_ 32. To what historical event does this quotation refer? “Boston is a Tea Pot tonight.” | **Boston Tea Party** |
| \_\_\_\_ 33. What clue about the colonists’ intentions is revealed in this quotation? | **Colonists planned to destroy British** |
| \_\_\_\_ 34. What was the goal of the colonists quoted above? | **Protest the effect of the Tea Act** |
| \_\_\_\_ 35. Why did the Americans claim that they did not have to pay any tax passed by Parliament? | **No taxation without representation.** |
| \_\_\_\_ 36. The chief goal of the Tea Act was to  | **Raise money for the British East Indian Companty** |
| \_\_\_\_ 37. As a result of the Boston Tea Party  | **Parliament passed laws to punish Boston** |
| \_\_\_\_ 38. "The people should never rise without doing something to be remembered, something notable and striking. This destruction . . .Is so bold, so daring, so firm, it must have such important and lasting consequences that I can't help considering it a turning point in history." In these lines, John Adams states | **His opinion about the Boston Tea Party** |
| \_\_\_\_ 39. The Coercive Acts did not include a law  | **Raising taxes** |
| \_\_\_\_ 40. The First Continental Congress met to | **Protest the Intolerable Acts** |
| \_\_\_\_ 41. The Sons of Liberty in Boston were supposed to  |  |
| ".... Gentlemen may cry 'Peace, Peace!'-but there is no peace. The war is actually begun....Treason? If this be treason, make the most of it....Is life so dear or peace so sweet as to be purchased with the chains of tyranny and slavery? Forbid it almighty God!...I know not what course others may take, but as for me, give me liberty or give me death!" |  |
| \_\_\_\_ 42. According to the above quote, why is there no peace? | **British troops have killed Americans in Lexington** |
| \_\_\_\_ 43. What is the event that is referenced by the term “treason?” | **Lexington and Concord** |
| \_\_\_\_ 44. According to the speaker, what is the price of life or peace? | **Chains and slavery** |
| \_\_\_\_ 45. According to the speaker, what choice do Americans have? | **Liberty or death** |
| There will be a flow chart to fill in completing the Causes of the American Revolution (a word bank will be provided) | **There will be 2 primary sources to read and answer questions about the Battle of Lexington.** |